MARKETING

Jump to page

234

NURSERY PAPERS

AUGUST 2008 Issue no.6

A taster of innovative technologies for the nursery & garden industry

Using innovative computer technologies creatively can provide a leading edge to your business, but currently how many in our industry can put their hand on their heart and say they have exploited it to its full potential? These days the technology is more often than not being designed with a desire to keep it simple, user-friendly and often very cost effective. With society using these technologies as a ubiquitous part of their lives, why are we not exploiting these benefits and opportunities more for our industry?

In this Nursery Paper, Marcus Ragus of the Natural Resources Department, TAFE Tasmania and Peter Bobbi, NGIT Industry Development Officer, provide examples of innovative technologies that are readily available and detail on what these can do for our industry.



A taster of innovative technologies for the nursery & garden industry

We now have the capability to start looking beyond where we usually think of new technologies in our business. Past the immediate conservative needs of business, technologies such as that new point of sales equipment, the email, the MYOB software or the incredibly expensive video promotion we had professionally done last year.

Are you aware that at an internet and finger tip reach away we can exploit current technologies in ways that we have not been able to before?

These days the technology is more and more being designed with a desire to keep it simple, user friendly and often very cost effective. Hardware costs are dropping nearly every quarter as computer companies compete in an ever expanding market. A laptop today can be as cheap as a lower quality mobile phone and its capacity tenfold of those produced only a few years ago at 10 times the price.

The basis of this Nursery Paper is to provide examples of innovative technologies that are readily available and to provide some detail on what these can do for our industry. It is by no means a full and exhaustive list, with the initial purpose being to introduce some ideas and discussion with further ideas for future papers. So, on the one hand the purpose of this paper is to direct people to a few technologies that can be immediately useful, and on the other hand it is to provide a taster rather than a complete guide; that people can check out with minimal time commitment and without feeling initially overwhelmed.

The content of this topic can be divided up into two main sections, Section One will be presented in this paper and Section Two in future papers. Section One will look at a selection of existing new software technologies, most of which belong to a current revolution of applications that are available, often for free through the world wide web, known as Web 2.0. These applications provide a variety of uses and are usually quick and straight forward to set up, even for those with only a limited amount of computer experience. In many cases the software applications have been specifically designed for the uses that we are suggesting, but in other cases we are proposing creative alternatives for their use in business.

The second section we will look at is directed at a select group of creative computer hardware technologies with an emphasis on mobile and smart tag technology. Once again we are very focused on cost effective technologies that are not a huge expense to set up and initiate but can also provide the clever business with potentially good returns.

There are so many variables out there that will influence the uptake of technology within a business. Probably one of the greatest issues for some is justifying the need for technology within such a practical hands on industry. The other is the mindset that "We have done without technology for so long so why do we need it now?' or "I'm too old to learn about that stuff, that's the generation to come." You have all heard that old adage"You are never too old to learn," well it's true!



 Your Levy at Work
The production and distribution of Nursery Papers is funded jointly by your Nursery Industry Levy and the Commonwealth Government via Horticulture Australia Limited



The Web 2.0 and its potential

Before Web 2.0 became a popular phenomenon we had a web that was not very interactive, yes companies could promote themselves, details could be seen and emails sent, but the average Joe Blogs, unless a computer expert, had very little direct interaction within websites and it cost money to own your own web space. Web 2.0, known by those in the know as the 'architecture of participation' due to its emphasis on so called 'open' ownership of the web, where everyone has the ability, and for what some might say the 'right' to own and interact in their own space of the web. Its basic ideals work on social networking, free expression and often free access to tools and resources. It also relies

on self dedication and input from others who often provide vast amounts of knowledge and product information for what sometime seems nothing more than a selfless act of public generosity for the social good.

Almost all the basic office computer software packages and applications that we usually buy with our computers, is available as 'open source' essentially fee software, often associated with the Web 2.0 philosophy. You are now probably wondering how a business can give something away and still survive? They do this in many ways, some through advertising onsite, additional user pay addons, periodic promotions and more. 'Google' the well known internet business initially famous for its web search sofware and chief rival of Microsoft, is often touted as the evolutionary base of Web 2.0; they are still a leading force in this area today.

For whatever the reasoning the Web 2.0 area has great potential for business, however like all things it can have its pros and cons; and issues like security, quality of information, management of intellectual property and others can be handled in very different ways depending on what you may access and what sites or tools you use. Always familiarise yourself with the options available and the requirements of the individual providers of content on the web.

Internet technologies: A brief overview

Blogs (FREE to set up and use)	
The name is derived from Web Log, and they are a type of online public diary or date scheduled entry area. People use blogs for all kinds of reasons these days including for journalism, promotion, politics or just to keep relatives up to date. They are quick and straight forward to create and as long as you have an email address you could start one in less than 15 minutes using a series of stepped wizard task areas and professional background templates Examples of nursery blogs using blogger at: US http://lasumidanursery.blogspot.com/ and http://www.baianicchia.blogspot.com/ And another using Word Press at: http://behnkes.bluekeyblogs.com/ Potential business use: Advertising and promotions Product display Customer loyalty programs Customer product information	One of the earliest blog sites, Blogger https://www.blogger.com (set up one in three steps) OR Wordpress http://wordpress.org/ For more information on bloggs checkout: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Blogg
WIKI (FREE to set up and use)	
From the Hawaiian "Wiki wiki" or quickly These were and still are one of the mainstays behind Web 2.0 and social networking. The idea is that anyone can create these spaces is a series of easy steps. They have inbuilt editors that allow you to add text, images and other useful items simply, similar to that of blogs. In this case however, you have the ability to set access to editing so that any of your wiki members (anyone you choose or anyone at all) can edit and add to the site. These are very popular areas for public discussions, meetings and online discussions. One of the most well known Wiki sites that is used by thousands around the world is the online Encyclopaedia known as Wikipedia at: http://en.wikipedia.org. This site allows users to set up their own pages of information based on a suitable topic, this could easily include your business. A garden centre page in Wikipedia http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ Garden_centres Potential business use: Business web and sales pages Advertising and promotions Product display Customer loyalty programs Customer product information	Here are four quick options to start a wiki page: Wikispaces http://www.wikispaces.com/ Wetpaint http://www.wetpaint.com/ Wikidot http://www.wikidot.com/ Wikipedia http://en.wikipedia.org.
Photo (image) sharing (FREE to set up and use, size limitations; some options can cost)	
Images can be uploaded to these sites and then accessed by others either through a specific site web page or through viewing tools that can be added to other web pages. Some promotional examples by nurseries on Flickr: http://www.flickr.com/photos/grn_acres/ Potential business use: Advertising and promotions Product display Staff training	Flickr http://www.flickr.com/ Photobucket http://photobucket.com/



173



123



Potential business use:

Online sales Online money transfers

Conclusion

Whether your business is a production nursery, retail nursery or an allied trader this paper demonstrates that there is enormous potential to use these available technologies to benefit your businesses. However the key with these new technologies is to use them innovatively to maximise their benefits. One of the main objectives of this and future papers is to get you to think beyond the square as some of the examples provided have demonstrated.

Future papers will provide more information on other creative technology options, so keep an eye on the NGIA website for upcoming workshops that will provide training in these areas. For further advice on these topics and how to set them up in your business contact Marcus.Ragus@gmail.com

Acknowledgments

Marcus Ragus is from the Natural Resources Department, Institute of TAFE, Tasmania and Peter Bobbi is Industry Development Officer, Nursery & Garden Industry Tasmania.

Compiled and edited by Sarah McMahon, NGIA Publications & Web Coordinator; banner photography by Brendan Osborne



© NGIA Ltd 2008. While every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of contents, Nursery & Garden Industry Australia Ltd accepts no liability for the information. Published by NGIA, PO Box 907 EPPING NSW 1710. NURSERY PAPERS MARKETING AUGUST 2008 Issue no.6